**SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking**

1.1. **Product identifier**
- **Trade name/designation**: Gasoil
- **Chemical name**: Fuels, diesel
- **EC Index**: 649-224-00-6
- **EC No.**: 269-822-7
- **CAS No.**: 68334-30-5
- **Formula**: Unspecified

1.2. **Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against**
- **Main use category**: Industrial use, Professional use, Consumer use

1.3. **Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet**
- **Company**: Mercuria Energy Trading B.V. supplying for and on behalf of Mercuria Energy Trading S.A
  Herculesplein 108
  3584AA Utrecht, Netherlands
  Telephone +41 22 594 7000
  Telefax: +41 22 594 3904
  E-mail: emergency@sgs.com

1.4. **Emergency telephone number**
- **Emergency telephone**: +32 3 575 11 30 (SGS 24/7 Emergency Hotline)

IRELAND (REPUBLIC OF)
National Poisons Information Centre
Beaumont Hospital
+353 18 37 99 64/353 1 809 21 66

UNITED KINGDOM
National Poisons Information Service (Newcastle Centre)
Regional Drugs and Therapeutics Centre, Wolfson Unit
0844 892 0111 (UK only, Monday to Friday, 08.00 to 18.00 hours)

**SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

2.1. **Classification of the substance or mixture**

2.1.1. **Classification according to Regulation (EU) 1272/2008**
- **CLP-Classification**: The product is classified as hazardous in accordance with Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008.
  - Flam. Liq. 3: H226
  - Asp. Tox. 1: H304
  - Skin Irrit. 2: H315
  - Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation): H332
  - Carc. 2: H351
  - STOT RE 2: H373
  - Aquatic Chronic 2: H411

  Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

2.1.2. **Classification according to EU Directives 67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC**
- **Classification**: This substance is classified as hazardous according to 67/548/EEC.
2.2. Label elements

2.2.1. Labelling according to Regulation (EU) 1272/2008

Hazard pictograms:

- GHS02
- GHS07
- GHS08
- GHS09

Signal word: Danger

Hazard statements:
- H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour.
- H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
- H315 - Causes skin irritation.
- H332 - Harmful if inhaled.
- H351 - Suspected of causing cancer.
- H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
- H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements:
- P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
- P260 - Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
- P273 - Avoid release to the environment.
- P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
- P301+P310 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor./
- P331 - Do NOT induce vomiting.

2.2.2. Labelling according to Directives (67/548 - 1999/45)

Not relevant

2.3. Other hazards

Other hazards:
- Vapours can form explosive mixtures with air.
- This substance does not meet the PBT/vPvB criteria of REACH, annex XIII.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance name</th>
<th>Product identifier</th>
<th>%</th>
<th>Classification according to Directive 67/548/EEC</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Fuels, diesel</td>
<td>(CAS No.) 68334-30-5, (EC No) 269-822-7, (EC Index) 649-224-00-6</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>Carc. Cat. 3, R40, Xn; R20, Xi; R38, N; R51/53</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance name</th>
<th>Product identifier</th>
<th>%</th>
<th>Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Fuels, diesel</td>
<td>(CAS No.) 68334-30-5, (EC No) 269-822-7, (EC Index) 649-224-00-6</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>Flam. Liq. 3, R226, Acute Tox. 4 (inhalation), H332, Skin Irrit. 2, H315, Carc. 2, H351, STOT RE 2, H373, Asp. Tox. 1, H304, Aquatic Chronic 2, H411</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. When in doubt or if symptoms are observed, get medical advice. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. Get medical advice/attention.

Skin contact: Take off contaminated clothing. Gently wash with plenty of soap and water. When in doubt or if symptoms are observed, get medical advice. In the event of a high pressure injection injury, worker should obtain immediate medical assistance. Contact with hot product will cause thermal burns. Immerse in cool water/wrap in wet bandages. Get medical advice/attention.

Eye contact: Rinse immediately carefully and thoroughly with eye-bath or water. When in doubt or if symptoms are observed, get medical advice.

In case of ingestion: Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Do NOT induce vomiting. Get immediate medical advice/attention.

Additional advice: First aider: Pay attention to self-protection! Personal protection equipment: see section 8 Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person or a person with cramps. When in doubt or if symptoms are observed, get medical advice. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Treat symptomatically.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Inhalation: Harmful if inhaled. The following symptoms may occur: Irritation.

Skin contact: Causes skin irritation. The following symptoms may occur: erythema (redness).

Eye contact: No adverse effects are expected. The following symptoms may occur: Irritation.

Ingestion: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. The following symptoms may occur: Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhoea.

Other adverse effects: Suspected of causing cancer. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (thymus, liver, Bone marrow).

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Not applicable

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media: Water spray, alcohol resistant foam, Dry extinguishing powder, Carbon dioxide, Inert gas, Sand, Earth

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons: Strong water jet
5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Fire hazard: Flammable liquid and vapour.
Specific hazards:
- Heating causes rise in pressure with risk of bursting.
- Vapours can form explosive mixtures with air.
- Vapours are heavier than air, spread along floors and form explosive mixtures with air.
- Vapours can travel considerable distances to a source of ignition where they can ignite, flash back, or explode.
- Hazardous combustion products: Carbon oxides, Organic compounds, (As appropriate: Sulphur oxides, Hydrogen sulfide (H2S), Sulphuric acid)

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Advice for firefighters:
- Special protective equipment for firefighters.
- In case of fire: Wear self-contained breathing apparatus.
- Use water spray jet to protect personnel and to cool endangered containers.
- Do not allow run-off from fire-fighting to enter drains or water courses.
- Dispose according to legislation.
- Evacuate area.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel:
- Evacuate area.
- Stay upwind/keep distance from source.
- Provide adequate ventilation.
- Use personal protective equipment as required.
- Personal protection equipment: see section 8
- Do not breathe vapour/spray.
- Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes.
- Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
- Ensure that the equipment is adequately grounded.
- Use explosion-proof machinery, apparatus, ventilation facilities, tools etc.
- Use only non-sparking tools.
- as appropriate: Product may release Hydrogen Sulphide: A specific assessment of inhalation risks from the presence of hydrogen sulphide in tank headspaces, confined spaces, product residue, tank waste and waste water, and unintentional releases should be made to help determine controls appropriate to local circumstances.

For emergency responders:
- Ensure procedures and training for emergency decontamination and disposal are in place.
- Personal protection equipment: see section 8.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions:
- Do not allow to enter into ground-water, surface water or drains.
- If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform respective authorities.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up:
- Stop leak if safe to do so.
- Dam up.
- Clean-up methods - small spillage: Absorb with liquid-binding material (e.g. sand, diatomaceous earth, acid- or universal binding agents), Collect in
closed and suitable containers for disposal. Clean-up methods - large spillage: Large spills should be collected mechanically (remove by pumping) for disposal., Collect in closed and suitable containers for disposal. Use foam on spills to minimise vapours. Site should have a spill plan to ensure that adequate safeguards are in place to minimize the impact of episodic releases. Dispose of waste product or used containers according to local regulations.

6.4. Reference to other sections
Personal protection equipment: see section 8 Disposal: see section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling
Handling
Provide adequate ventilation.
Use personal protective equipment as required.
Personal protection equipment: see section 8
Do not breathe vapour/spray.
Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes.
Take any precaution to avoid mixing with incompatible materials.
See also section 10
Ensure proper process control to avoid excess waste discharge (temperature, concentration, pH, time).
Do not allow contact with soil, surface or ground water.
Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
Ensure that the equipment is adequately grounded.
Use explosion-proof machinery, apparatus, ventilation facilities, tools etc.
Use only non-sparking tools.
As appropriate:
Product may release Hydrogen Sulphide: A specific assessment of inhalation risks from the presence of hydrogen sulphide in tank headspaces, confined spaces, product residue, tank waste and waste water, and unintentional releases should be made to help determine controls appropriate to local circumstances.

Advises on general occupational hygiene
Keep good industrial hygiene.
Take off contaminated clothing.
When using do not eat, drink or smoke.
Keep work clothes separately.
Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
Wash hands before breaks and immediately after using the product.
Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities
Storage
Storage of flammable liquids
Keep in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.
Do not store near or with any of the incompatible materials listed in section 10.
Bund storage facilities to prevent soil and water pollution in the event of spillage.
Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
Protect from sunlight.
As appropriate:
Product may release Hydrogen Sulphide: A specific assessment of inhalation risks from the presence of hydrogen sulphide in tank headspaces, confined spaces, product residue, tank waste and waste water.
water, and unintentional releases should be made to help determine controls appropriate to local circumstances.

Packaging materials:
- Keep/Store only in original container.
- Suitable material:
  - Stainless steel
  - Carbon steel
- Unsuitable material:
  - Synthetic material

7.3 Specific end use(s)
No data available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Exposure limit values:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Fuels, diesel (68334-30-5)</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Belgium</td>
<td>Limit value (mg/m³)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Italy - Portugal - USA</td>
<td>ACGIH TWA (mg/m³)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ireland</td>
<td>OEL (8 hours ref) (mg/m³)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ireland</td>
<td>OEL (15 min ref) (mg/m3)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Poland</td>
<td>NDS (mg/m³)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Recommended monitoring procedures:
- Room air monitoring
- Personal air monitoring

8.2. Exposure controls

Personal protection equipment:
- The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance at the specific workplace.
  - Respiratory protection:
    - In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment.
    - Half-face mask (EN 140)
    - Full face mask (EN 136)
    - Filter type: ABEK/P (EN 141)
    - The filter class must be suitable for the maximum contaminant concentration (gas/vapour/aerosol/particulates) that may arise when handling the product. If the concentration is exceeded, self-contained breathing apparatus must be used. (EN 137)
  - Hand protection:
    - Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374). Suitable material: NBR (Nitrile rubber) (BTT > 8 h, >0.3 mm). The quality of the protective gloves resistant to chemicals must be chosen as a function of the specific working place concentration and quantity of hazardous substances.
  - Eye protection:
    - Use suitable eye protection. (EN 166): Goggles
  - Body protection:
    - Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin. Chemical protection clothing
    - Antistatic clothing
    - In case of large spillages:
      - Wear full chemical protective clothing.
  - Thermal hazard protection:
    - Not required under normal use.
    - Use dedicated equipment.
  - Engineering control measures:
    - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
    - Organisational measures to prevent/limit releases, dispersion and exposure
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Gasoil

Revision nr: 1
Issue date: 30/01/2015
Supersedes:

Safe handling: see section 7
A washing facility/water for eye and skin cleaning purposes should be present.
Take precautionary measures against static discharges.
Ensure that the equipment is adequately grounded.
Store locked up.
Use explosion-proof machinery, apparatus, ventilation facilities, tools etc.

Environmental exposure controls: Do not allow contact with soil, surface or ground water.
Comply with applicable Community environmental protection legislation.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Appearance</td>
<td>liquid</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Colour</td>
<td>clear, yellow, brown</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odour</td>
<td>petroleum hydrocarbon odour</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odour threshold</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pH</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Melting point/freezing point</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Initial boiling point and boiling range</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flash point</td>
<td>&gt;= 60 °C (closed cup)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Evaporation rate</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flammability (solid, gas)</td>
<td>Not applicable, liquid</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vapour pressure</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vapour density</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Density</td>
<td>0.84 g/cm³ (at 15 °C)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Relative density</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Water solubility</td>
<td>&lt; 20 mg/l (at 20 °C)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Solubility in different media</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Partition coefficient n-octanol/water</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Auto-ignition temperature</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Decomposition temperature</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Viscosity</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Explosive properties</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oxidising properties</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The study does not need to be conducted because there are no chemical groups associated with explosive properties present in the molecule.

9.2. Other information

No data available
SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity
Reactivity: Flammable liquid and vapour.
Reference to other sections: 10.4 & 10.5

10.2. Chemical stability
Stability: The product is stable under storage at normal ambient temperatures.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions
Possibility of hazardous reactions: Vapours can form explosive mixtures with air.

10.4. Conditions to avoid
Conditions to avoid: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
Safe handling: see section 7

10.5. Incompatible materials
Incompatible materials: Oxidising substances, Safe handling: see section 7

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products
Hazardous decomposition products: Burning produces noxious and toxic fumes. Reference to other sections: 5.2

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects
Acute toxicity: Inhalation: Harmful if inhaled.

Fuels, diesel (68334-30-5)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Inhalation: Harmful if inhaled.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>LD50/oral/rat</td>
<td>&gt; 5000 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LD50/dermal/rabbit</td>
<td>&gt; 2000 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LC50/inhalation/4h/rat</td>
<td>4.6 mg/l/4h</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ATE CLP (vapours)</td>
<td>4.6 mg/l/4h</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ATE CLP (dust,mist)</td>
<td>4.6 mg/l/4h</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Skin corrosion/irritation: Causes skin irritation.
pH: No data available

Serious eye damage/eye irritation: Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.)
pH: No data available

Respiratory or skin sensitisation: Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.)

Germ cell mutagenicity: Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.)

Carcinogenicity: Suspected of causing cancer.

Reproductive toxicity: Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.)

STOT-single exposure: Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.)

STOT-repeated exposure: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazard: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Other information
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Gasoil

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics. For further information see section 4

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity
Toxicity: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Fuels, diesel (68334-30-5)

| LC50 fish 1 | 35 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [flow-through]) |
| NOEC (chronic) | (21d) 0,2 mg/l (Daphnia magna - OECD 211) |

12.2. Persistence and degradability
Persistence and degradability: Readily biodegradable. (Substance is complex UVCB.)

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential
Bioaccumulation: No data available
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water: No data available

12.4. Mobility in soil
Mobility: No data available

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment
PBT/vPvB data: This substance does not meet the PBT/vPvB criteria of REACH, annex XIII.

12.6. Other adverse effects
Other information:

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods
Product waste: Handle with care.
Do not allow contact with soil, surface or ground water.
Dispose of empty containers and wastes safely.
Safe handling: see section 7
Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information on recovery/recycling.
Recycling is preferred to disposal or incineration.
If recycling is not possible, eliminate in accordance with local valid waste disposal regulations.

Contaminated packaging: Never use pressure to empty container.
Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself.
Dispose according to legislation.

List of proposed waste codes/waste designations in accordance with EWC: This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste.
Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the product was used.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1. UN number
UN number: 1202

14.2. UN proper shipping name
Proper Shipping Name: GAS OIL / DIESEL FUEL / HEATING OIL, LIGHT
Proper shipping name IATA/IMDG : GAS OIL / DIESEL FUEL / HEATING OIL, LIGHT

14.3. **Transport hazard class(es)**

14.3.1. Overland transport

Class(es) : 3 - Flammable liquid
Hazard identification number (Kemler No.) : 30
Classification code : F1
ADR/RID-Labels : 3 - Flammable liquid

14.3.2. Inland waterway transport (ADN)

Class (UN) : 3

14.3.3. Transport by sea

Class or Division : 3 - flammable liquids

14.3.4. Air transport

Class or Division : 3 - flammable liquids

14.4. **Packing group**

Packing group : III

14.5. **Environmental hazards**

Environmental hazards : N

Other information : ADN : N2.

14.6. **Special precautions for user**

Special precautions for user : No data available.

14.7. **Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code**

No data available

**SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

15.1. **Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture**

15.1.1. EU-Regulations

The following restrictions are applicable according to Annex XVII of the REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006:

3. Liquid substances or mixtures which are regarded as dangerous in accordance with Directive 1999/45/EC or are fulfilling the criteria for any of the following hazard classes or categories set out in Annex I to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008:

   : Gasoil

This product contains an ingredient according to the candidate list of Annex XIV of the REACH Regulation 1907/2006/EC. : none
15.1.2. National regulations

DE : WGK : 2
DE : German storage class (LGK) : LGK 3 - Flammable liquids
FR : Installations classées : 117x, 143x
NL : ABM : 6 - (A) Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.
NL : NeR (Nederlandse emissie Richtlijn) : Organic substances in vapour or gaseous form

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

Chemical Safety Assessment : For this substance a chemical safety assessment has not been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

Full text of R-, H- and EUH-phrases:

Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation) : Acute toxicity (inhal.), Category 4
Aquatic Chronic 2 : Hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic hazard category 2
Asp. Tox. 1 : Aspiration hazard, Category 1
Carc. 2 : Carcinogenicity, Category 2
Flam. Liq. 3 : Flammable liquids, Category 3
Skin Irrit. 2 : Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 2
STOT RE 2 : Specific target organ toxicity — Repeated exposure, Category 2
H226 : Flammable liquid and vapour.
H304 : May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H315 : Causes skin irritation.
H332 : Hazardous if inhaled.
H351 : Suspected of causing cancer.
H373 : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H411 : Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
R20 : Harmful by inhalation.
R38 : Irritating to skin.
R40 : Limited evidence of a carcinogenic effect.
R51/53 : Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.
R65 : Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed.
N : Dangerous for the environment
Xi : Irritant
Xn : Harmful

Key literature references and sources for data: LOLL

Abbreviations and acronyms

DNEL = Derived No Effect Level
DMEL = Derived minimal effect level
PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration
OEL- STEL = Occupational Exposure Limits - Short Term Exposure Limits (STELs)
TWA = time weighted average
LC50 = Median lethal concentration
LD50 = Median lethal dose
LL50 = Median lethal level
EC50 = Median Effective Concentration
EL50 = Median effective level
ErC50 = EC50 in terms of reduction of growth rate
ErL50 = EL50 in terms of reduction of growth rate
NOEL = No-observed-effect level
NOEC = No observed effect concentration
NOELR = No observed effect loading rate
NOAEC = No observed adverse effect concentration
NOAEL = No observed adverse effect level
EWC = European Waste Catalogue
NA = Not applicable
N.O.S. = Not Otherwise Specified
VOC = Volatile organic compounds
mg/kg BW = mg/kg bodyweight
QSAR = Quantitative structure-activity relationship (QSAR)
ADN = Accord Européen relatif au Transport International des Marchandises dangereuses par voie de Navigation du Rhin
ADR = Accord européen relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par Route
CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation according to 1272/2008/EC
IATA = International Air Transport Association
IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
LEL = Lower Explosive Limit/Lower Explosion Limit
UEL = Upper Explosion Limit/Upper Explosive Limit
REACH = Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals
WGK = Wassergefährdungsklasse (Water Hazard Class under German Federal Water Management Act)
ABM = Algemene beoordelingsmethodeik
UVCB = Substance of unknown or variable composition, complex reaction products or biological material (UVCB)
BTT = Breakthrough time (maximum wearing time)
STOT = Specific Target Organ Toxicity


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